## EXHIBIT 3

Laymon who represents Theron Davis who will be next 1 called as a witness and who we intend to voir dire. 2 It's my understanding from just listening to counsel 3 talking that he's going to take the Fifth. MR. LAYMON: That's correct, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: All right. So I guess the answer 6 is we swear him in and he tells us what he's going to 7 tell us and then you make your pitch. Okay? That's 8 the ground rules. I have a motion to quash the subpoena. 9 When he's ready, bring in Mr. Davis. 10 11 THERON DAVIS, a witness for the defense, 12 was sworn and testified as follows, outside the 13 presence of the jury: 14 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 15 VOIR DIRE EXAMINATION 16 By Mr. Rappaport: 17 Sir, would you state your name for the record, please? 18 Α Theron Davis. 19 THE COURT: Is that T-h-e-r-o-n? 20 THE WITNESS: Yes. 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 BY MR. RAPPAPORT: 23 Mr. Davis, do you have a nickname? 24 I would like to invoke my Fifth Amendment right under 25

the Constitution of the United States. 1 Mr. Davis, do you know a Romero Holliday? 2 I invoke my Fifth Amendment under the Constitution of 3 Α the United States. 4 Mr. Davis, do you know a Chris Cousins? 5 I revoke my Fifth Amendment under the United States --6 under the Constitution of the United States. 7 THE COURT: I think he meant to say, invoke. 8 Did you not? 9 THE WITNESS: Yes. 10 BY MR. RAPPAPORT: 11 Sir, do you know Shawn Drumgold? 12 I invoke my Fifth Amendment right under the Constitution 13 of the United States. 14 Sir, do you know a London Williams? 15 I invoke my Fifth Amendment under -- I invoke my Fifth 16 Amendment right under the Constitution of the United 17 States. 18 Sir, directing your attention to the night of August 19, 19 1988, were you ever on Humbold Ave. in the vicinity of 20 Homestead Street that night? 21 I invoke my Fifth Amendment right under the Constitution 22 of the United States. 23 Sir, directing your attention to August 19, 1988, Q 24 were you in a white jeep or white Suzuki Samurai that 25

night?

A I invoke my Fifth Amendment right under the Constitution of the United States.

MR. RAPPAPORT: I have no further questions.

THE COURT: Mr. Laymon, perhaps you could clear the air for me as to why your client is invoking his Fifth Amendment right? For the record, this is Mr. John Laymon who is counsel for Mr. Theron Davis.

MR. LAYMON: Your Honor, Mr. Davis is presently indicted here in Suffolk County on several charges, those charges being unlawfully carrying a firearm on his person, second and subsequent offense, unlawful possession of ammunition, receiving stolen goods, and an assault and battery on a police officer. That case may be going to trial within the next week or two. It is the belief of myself and my client that he is being prejudiced by his name being brought up in this action. He has no information of any value to give to either the Commonwealth in this case or the defense. It is our belief that anything he may say may tend to incriminate him.

So, for all of those reasons, Your Honor, he is invoking his Fifth Amendment rights.

THE COURT: Incriminate him as to what, sir?
As to the other offenses or as to this offense?

MR. LAYMON: It may incriminate him as to this offense, it may have something to do with his present offenses. So for all of those reasons, he is invoking his Fifth Amendment right.

MR. RAPPAPORT: If I may, Your Honor, certain questions that I've asked him, question number one, were you ever in a white jeep Suzuki Samurai on the night of August 19, 1988, although Mr. DeLuca who was just in the courtroom couldn't himself remember the identity of certain individuals that he stopped in that vehicle, I do have in my possession an incident report prepared by his partner, and his partner, in fact, did discover the identity of the passenger in that particular vehicle, and in Mr. Smith's report, Officer Smith's report on that night, he states that Officers investigated both black males in the Samurai, able to identify one Theron "Apple" Davis as the passenger of the motor vehicle.

Judge, I can see no way in which his answer to that question could possibly incriminate him any further than he would already be incriminated simply by the police officers who stopped the vehicle and identified that person in the vehicle.

Number two, with regard to the question, were you ever on Humboldt Ave. in the vicinity of

Homestead Street on the night of August 19, 1988, I have had supplied to me by my brother Beauchesne, a Boston Police incident report from the homicide unit prepared by Detective William Fogarty, who spoke to Mr. Davis on a prior occasion along with Detective Walsh. They spoke to Mr. Davis on Saturday, August 20, and they state in their report, Davis was asked if he was on Humboldt or Homestead or Sonoma Streets Friday night, this being Saturday when the report was written, and Davis stated "no." If I may show the Court both documents --

I state to the Court as follows: When asked previously by police officers whether or not he was ever on Homesteal or Humboldt or Sonoma on the night of August 19, he already has responded to the police officers that, in fact, he was not there. If he said he was there, I could understand how that might tend in some way - I can't even understand how that would tend to incriminate him - but he's already been asked the question by the police and he's already responded to that question in the negative.

As far as whether or not he was in a particular vehicle that night, Your Honor, I submit that that can be shown by an independent source and I don't see where: that answer would tend to incriminate him.

. 20

THE COURT: I have to deal with the evidence before me now, and on the state of the evidence at this point, I do not have any of that information that you suggest is operative, so that all I have is the representations by you and the copies of the police reports.

MR. RAPPAPORT: Well, at this juncture, Your Honor, I can only make my representations based upon the information that's been supplied to me by the government. I have a good faith reason for asking the two specific questions that we just discussed, and quite frankly, Judge, I do not see how, assuming that the officer's reports are accurate and I submit to the Court that's a fair assumption at this point --

THE COURT: Were the officer's reports statements by this witness under oath?

MR. RAPPAPORT: One report is an observation by an officer. Another report, I don't believe the witness was under oath.

THE COURT: That puts it, I think, in a new light because the witness is now under oath and believes that and has represented through counsel, that the information would tend to incriminate him and I have heard a bit about a white Suzuki in the testimony in this case in chief.

MR. RAPPAPORT: I understand that, Your Honor. However, I state to the Court that it's one thing for the witness and for his counsel to try to imagine that this could incriminate him. I submit, Your Honor, that he's already made the statement that he's made, he's already been observed where the report indicates he was observed, and I don't see where his statement would incriminate him.

THE COURT: I have your point. Mr. Beauchesne, anything you would care to say?

MR. BEAUCHESNE: I think I should, in all fairness, I should add that it is the theory of the Commonwealth the white Suzuki was involved in this case and that London Williams was the driver, that my best information is that there were three shooters and I believe one of them is sitting right next to you.

THE COURT: I think then on this theory,

your argument I understand, but in light of that -
MR. LAYMON: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Mr. Laymon, I'm not disagreeing with a thing you've said. I would think at least as to that question and anything that relates to that, with those events that surrounded the intersection of those two streets on that night, particularly in the

light of the white Suzuki, that it might very well tend to incriminate him.

MR. RAPPAPORT: Your Honor --

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. RAPPAPORT: With respect to the questions regarding, does Mr. Davis know Shawn Drumgold, question, does he know Chris Cousins, does he know Romero Holliday, and did he ever visit -- well, I didn't ask the question but I know that I would ask, did he ever visit Romero Holliday in the hospital, and if the answer to that question was yes, was Mr. Drumgold present and was Mr. Cousins present, those would be further questions that I would ask him, once again, his knowledge of Romero Holliday, his knowledge of Chris Cousins, his knowledge of Mr. Drumgold, would not tend to incriminate him in any way, manner, shape or form. Whether or not he visited Mr. Holliday, again, I don't see where that would tend to incriminate him.

THE COURT: Were it not for the evidence in this case that came in the case in chief, I might agree with you that this is a matter of benign interest to the Court, but if because of some import relating to the defendant Taylor and Drumgold as to a particular visit and I would suggest that probably the next question, in addition to going to the hospital, would

be the particular visit, was whether the defendant and former defendant, Drumgold and Taylor respectively, were present.

So far, I will consider it on a question by question basis, but I think it clearly could tend to incriminate, particularly on the representation of this Assistant District Attorney who is in charge of the case.

MR. RAPPAPORT: Judge, with all due respect to my brother, Mr. Beauchesne, that technically could be a response by Mr. Beauchesne to almost any person that was brought into the Court.

THE COURT: Not from Mr. Beauchesne.

MR. BEAUCHESNE: I would object to that.

MR. RAPPAPORT: When I say that, I don't mean - I would like to correct that statement.

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. RAPPAPORT: And I withdraw any intimation that Mr. Beauchesne has any nefarious or malevolent motives in this. So that the record be clear, what I'm saying now, Your Honor, is that there are many witnesses who could be called in this case who could be tangentially involved in one way or another, certainly. The Commonwealth could indicate in one way or another that perhaps, perhaps people were involved. If I were

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

to call an individual by the name of Paris Phillips, if I were to call a person by the name of London Williams, these are persons, that through testimony to date, have been identified as associates of this individual. The Commonwealth could make the same argument, yet they might have exculpatory information to offer.

I do believe, Judge, if I were to ask this individual the question, did you ever visit Romero Holliday in the hospital, and he were to say, yes, and I were to ask him, was Mr. Cousins present, I believe that his answer would be no. I believe that, based upon what Mr. Cousins said yesterday, Mr. Cousins came in here and said that he had heard some talk about some retaliation, however he says, before that talk came down, Theron David had left the room. going out as Mr. Cousins came in, so the mere fact of whether or not he had seen Christopher Cousins at that room would not tend to incriminate him because, even in the light most favorable to the Commonwealth, or for the evidence in the light most favorable to the Commonwealth as it's come in to date, Mr. Davis was out of the room by the time the conversation took place.

So I submit to the Court that by asking him

the question as to whether or not he had ever seen Christopher Cousins present when visiting Romero Holliday, based upon what the Commonwealth has elicited from Mr. Cousins, it wouldn't be incriminating, because according to Mr. Cousins, Mr. Davis left prior to any of the discussions that Mr. Cousins described, and I do not see where that's incriminating.

If, if I were to ask this individual, did
you ever visit Romero Holliday while he was in the
hospital and he said yes, that in and of itself, would
not be incriminating. If I said to him, was Mr. Drumgold
present when you visited Romero Holliday, and he answered,
no, which I believe would be his answer, then again it
would not incriminate him in any way. What it would
do, Judge, what it would do, it would contradict and
impeach the credibility of what is a very key
Commonwealth witness right now, Mr. Cousins, and on
that basis I don't see where Mr. Davis would be
incriminating himself.

MR. BEAUCHESNE: If I might, Your Honor.

There has been testimony, I believe, in the trial that at least one of the shooters was dressed in white.

If that didn't come out in the trial, I know I have it in my file that one of the shooters was dressed in white, This gentleman was seen in the car. His

R

trademark is white, white Adidas. He was seen in the white Suzuki dressed in white. He was stopped ten minutes and forty seconds later in the white Suzuki dressed in white.

There were three shooters, most of the witnesses focused on the first two, the ones that were up front. There was one back, off to one side and I believe he was dressed in white. I think it's this man here. If I had a case to present to the grand jury I would do it, and the test, of course, is whether or not anything he says might lead to or tend to incriminate him. What I would object to doing is bringing him in, putting him on in one very small area, and then having him take the Fifth when I try to cross examine him.

I have to say, in my opinion, that it would be well in his behalf that he take the Fifth.

THE COURT: I understand. I am a believer in the metaphor of Pandora's box. I think that that metaphor applies in this particular case, and I would think that opening the door on a small series of questions is, at some point, going to open that box and the aducee will come out.

So I am going to allow the Fifth to be invoked in this particular case, particularly on the

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

representation that in the judgment of the Assistant District Attorney this person is a target of their investigation as to this crime.

MR. RAPPAPORT: With all due respect, Your Honor, if I were to limit the questions to not the evening that Tiffany Moore was killed, but if I were to limit the questions to whether or not he had ever seen Christopher Cousins at Romero Holliday's hospital room and whether or not he had ever seen Shawn Drumgold at Romero Holliday's hospital room, would that not -and I say this, if I just ask him the questions with regard to impeachment of Christopher Cousins, as opposed to anything dealing with specific events of August 19, I'd stay away from August 19, but as Mr. Cousins has said he saw a certain person leaving that hospital room when he went in, and that Mr. Drumgold was present when he went into that room, if this witness were allowed to answer and answer truthfully, I believe he would say that, number one, he never saw Christopher Cousins when he went to visit Romero Holliday -- I could leave it at that, quite frankly.

MR. BEAUCHESNE: But I have a right to cross examine and I am not, most respectfully, bound by his ideas of the limitations of the case and, for him, and every party in a criminal case has a right to adequately

confront the witnesses. For him to call the witness and say, I'm just going to put on this small, microscopic section of what I'd like you to testify to but you, Mr. Beauchesne, representing the Commonwealth will not be allowed to go into other areas which I might deem to be relevant and proper because he would take his Fifth Amendment, I suggest would give a totally distorted picture to the jury.

THE COURT: I agree. Your objection is noted, Mr. Rappaport. The witness may be excused. The witness is excused.

What's next? Mr. Rappaport, do you have another witness?

MR. RAPPAPORT: Your Honor, if Mr. Smith is here, I'd like to call him first. Otherwise, I can call Detective Walsh.

THE COURT: I'm anxious to move along. I'm going to go off the bench for just a minute but don't anybody go away.

MR. BEAUCHESNE: Could I be heard? After you come back could I be heard on the issue of Officer Smith at side bar?

THE COURT: Should we go to side bar first?

## BENCH CONFERENCE

THE COURT: Do you have somebody here? Can